

About us



- Independent centre for applied research and consultancy
- Focus: labour markets, employment, skills & HR
- Founded in Brighton, 1968 (as Institute of Manpower Studies)
- Emphasis on the 'applied' & mission: practical improvements on the ground
- Funded through corporate HR Network & research for employers, government, foundations etc.
- c.50 staff, plus a network of associates









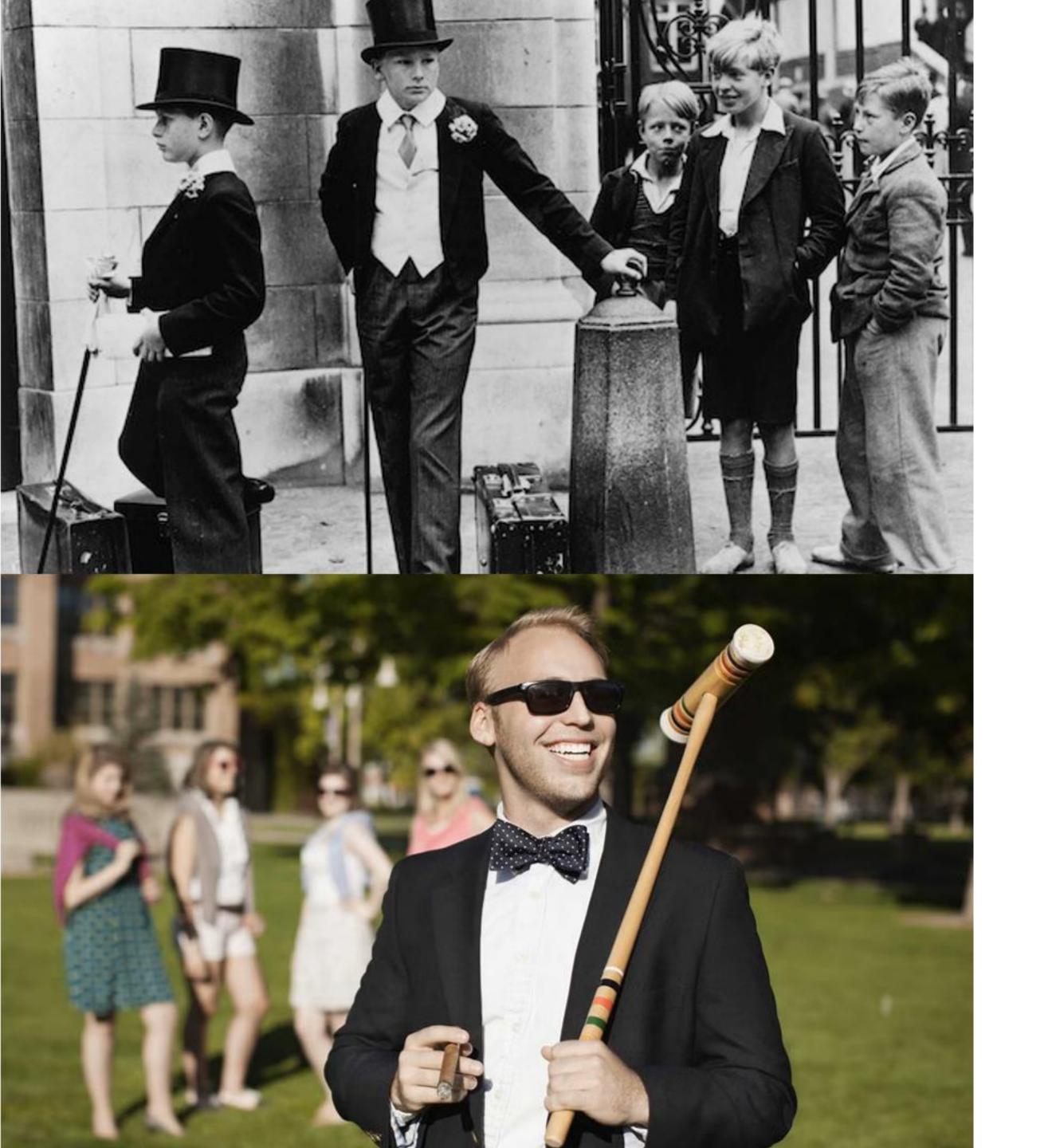




















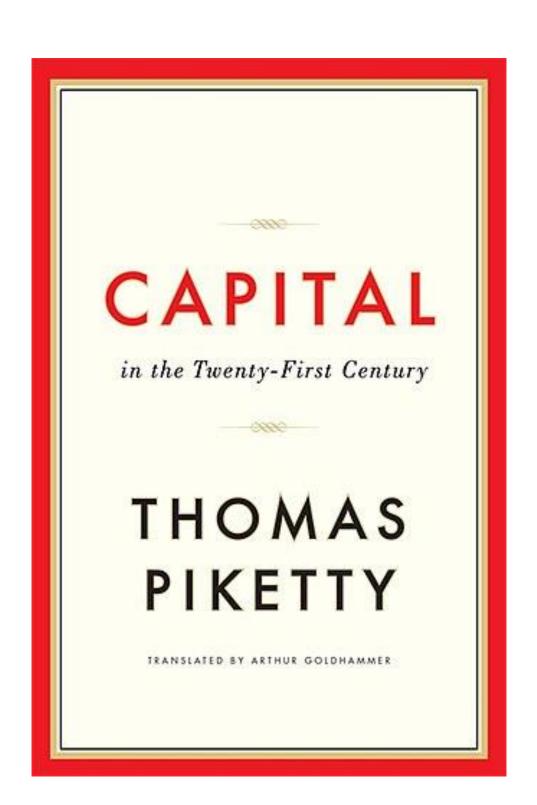
Class or simply wealth?

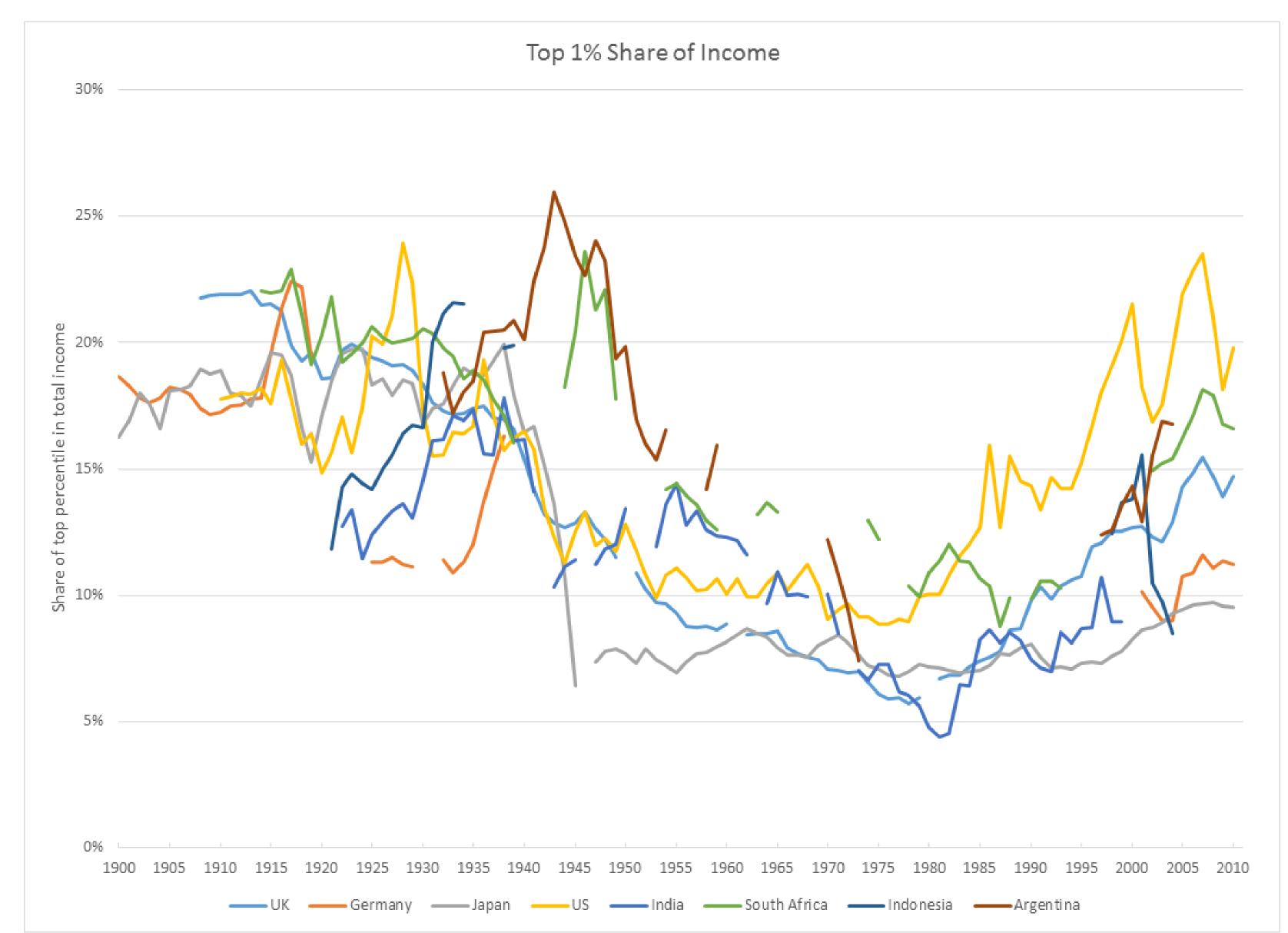






Inequality







How should we define class?



The class system 1960's comedy sketch



Who holds the power? What can employers / HR do?





UK Equality Act 2010 protected characteristics

- age
- disability
- gender reassignment
- marriage or civil partnership
- pregnancy and maternity

- race
- religion or belief
- sex
- sexual orientation















Jonny Gifford

Mark Williams

Maria Koumenta

Marco Guerci

Sven Hauff













How do we gauge someone's class?

Accent?

How much did your parents earn?

Did you have many books in your house?

Did you go on holiday abroad?

Did you have an outdoor toilet?

Did you have more than one car?

... ?



4 measures of socio-economic background

- Parental occupational class (aged 14)
- Highest parental education
- Type of school attended

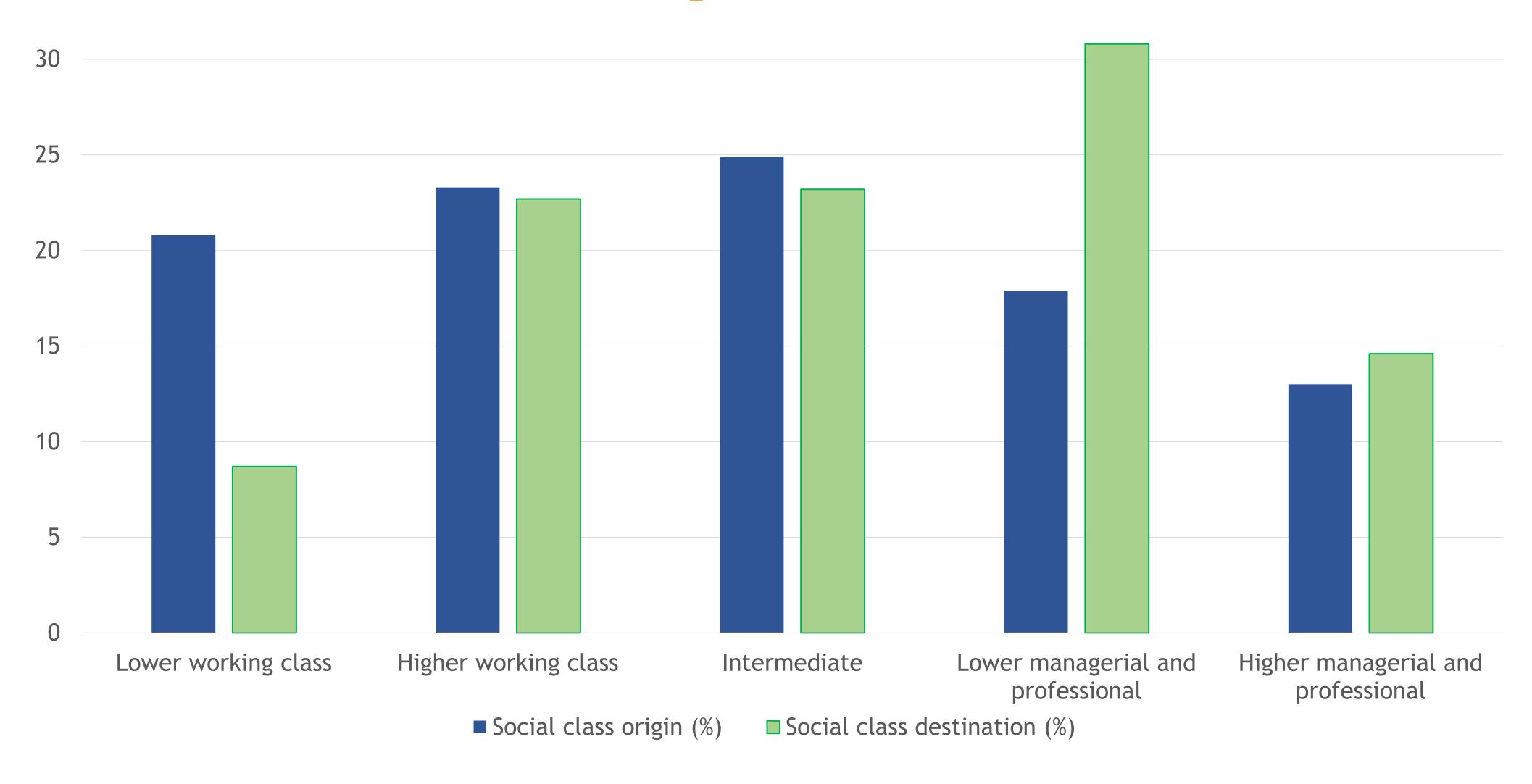
 (11-16 yrs, state-funded or fee-paying)
- Received free school meals

Office for National Statistics / UK government



Change across a generation: UK class origins & destinations

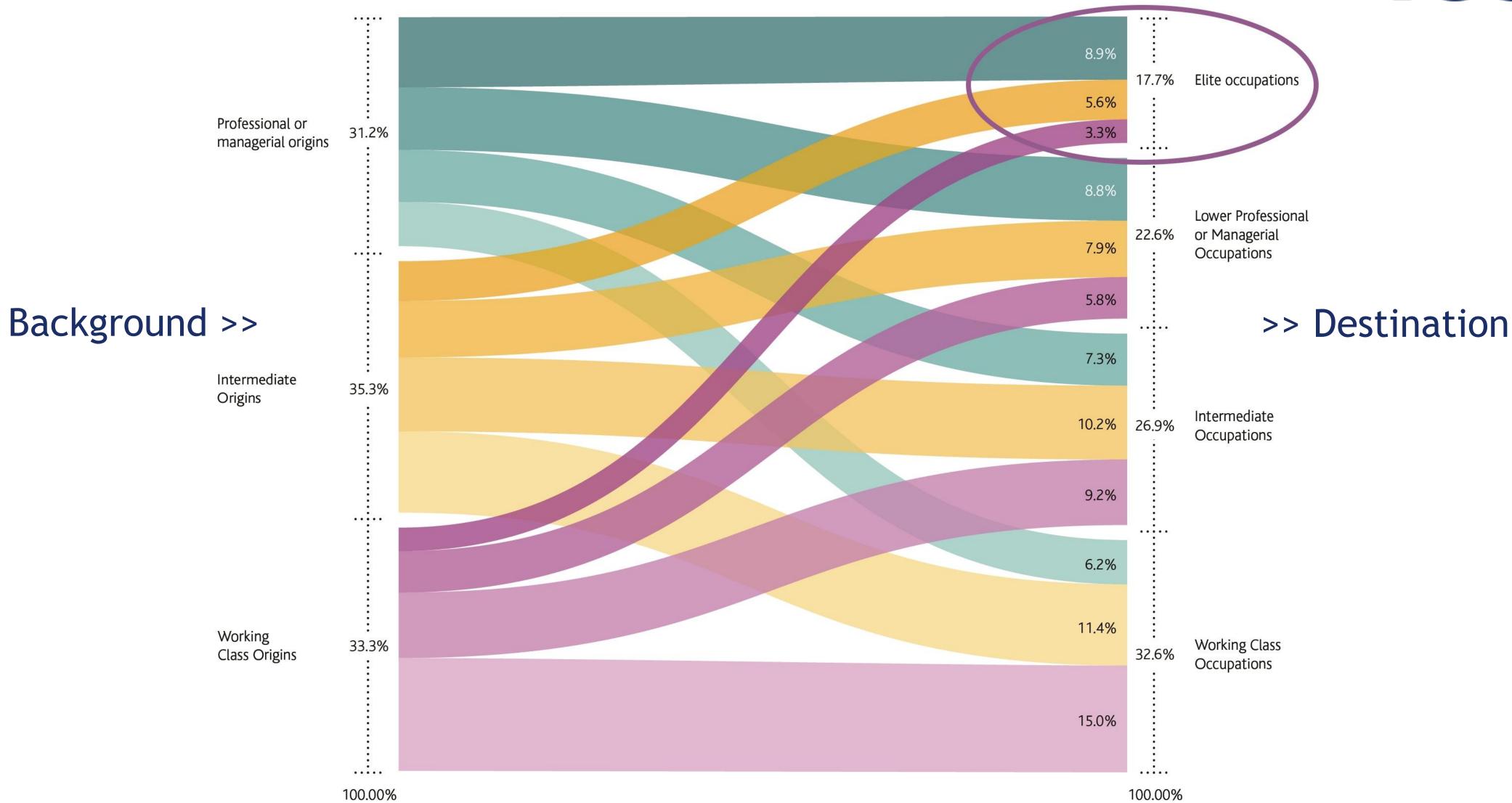




Data: Understanding Society survey, UK 2022

Social mobility





Laurison & Friedman (2019) Merit or 'fit'? The class ceiling: social mobility and why it pays to be privileged - through the lens of the UK Labour Force Survey. 26 June. UK Data Service online article https://blog.ukdataservice.ac.uk/the-class-ceiling/



Some nuances

eg among elite occupations:

- Least social mobility in 'traditional professions', eg law, medicine, and finance.
- More social mobility in 'technical occupations', eg engineering and IT.

The Class Ceiling

Why it Pays to be Privileged

Sam Friedman and Daniel Laurison



"Seminal....updates our understanding of modern Britain and class itself." Amol Rajan, BBC Media Editor





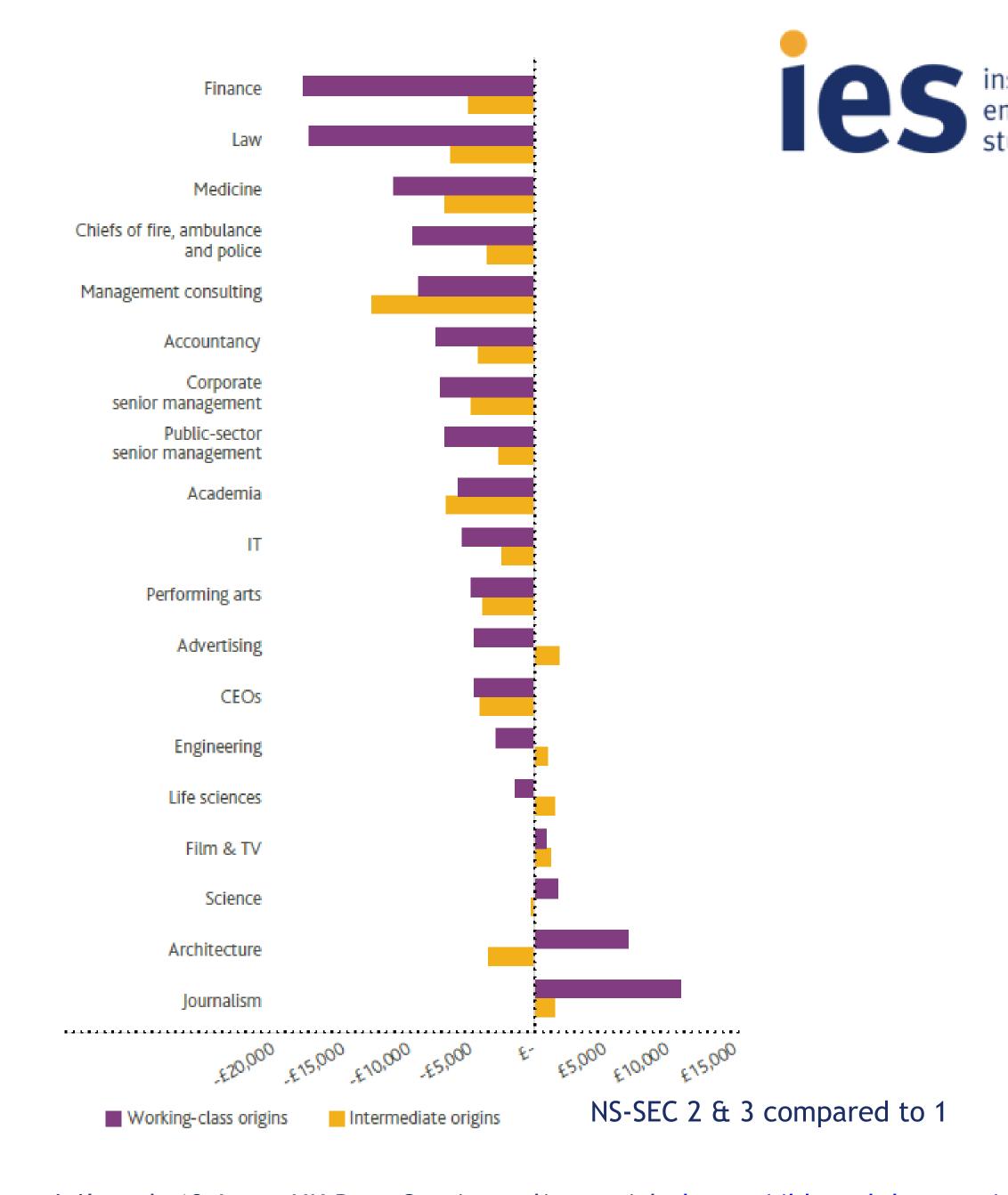


https://policy.bristoluniversitypress.co.uk/the-class-ceiling#

Laurison, D. and Friedman. S. (2016). The Class Pay Gap in Higher Professional and Managerial Occupations. *American Sociological Review*. 81(4): 668-695 2020

Within-class pay disparity

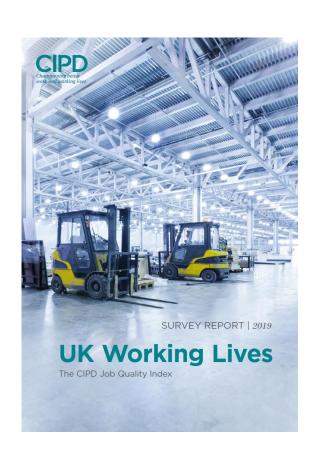
Working-class employees in high-status occupations earn 17% less (£7,350) than those from privileged backgrounds, on average.



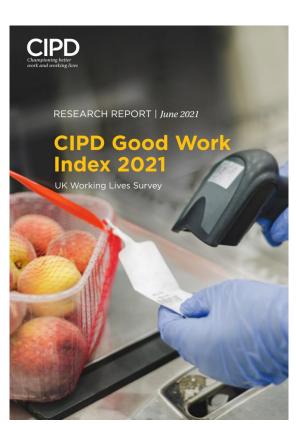


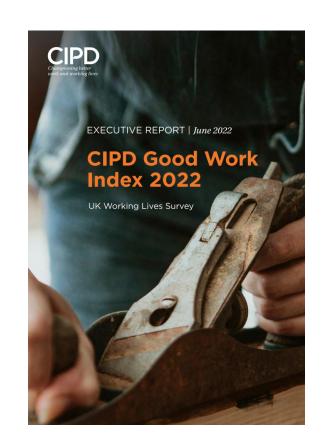
... what about other aspects of 'good work'?

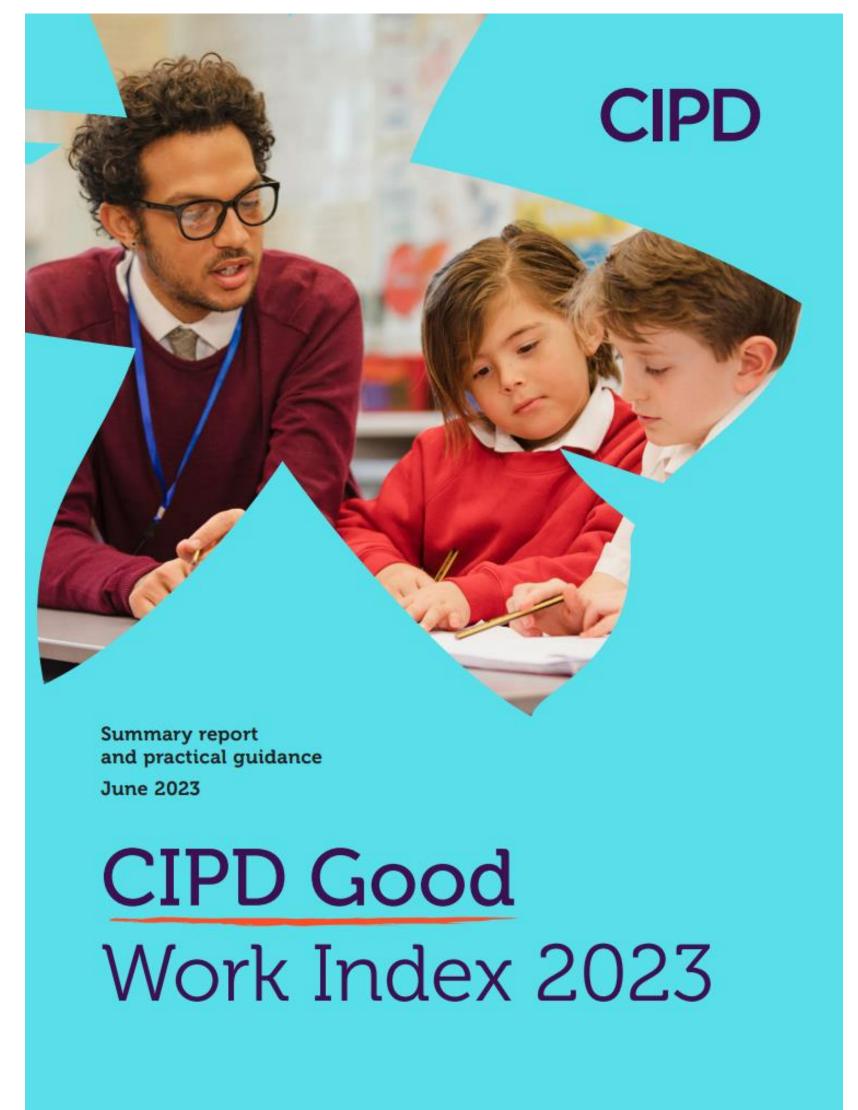






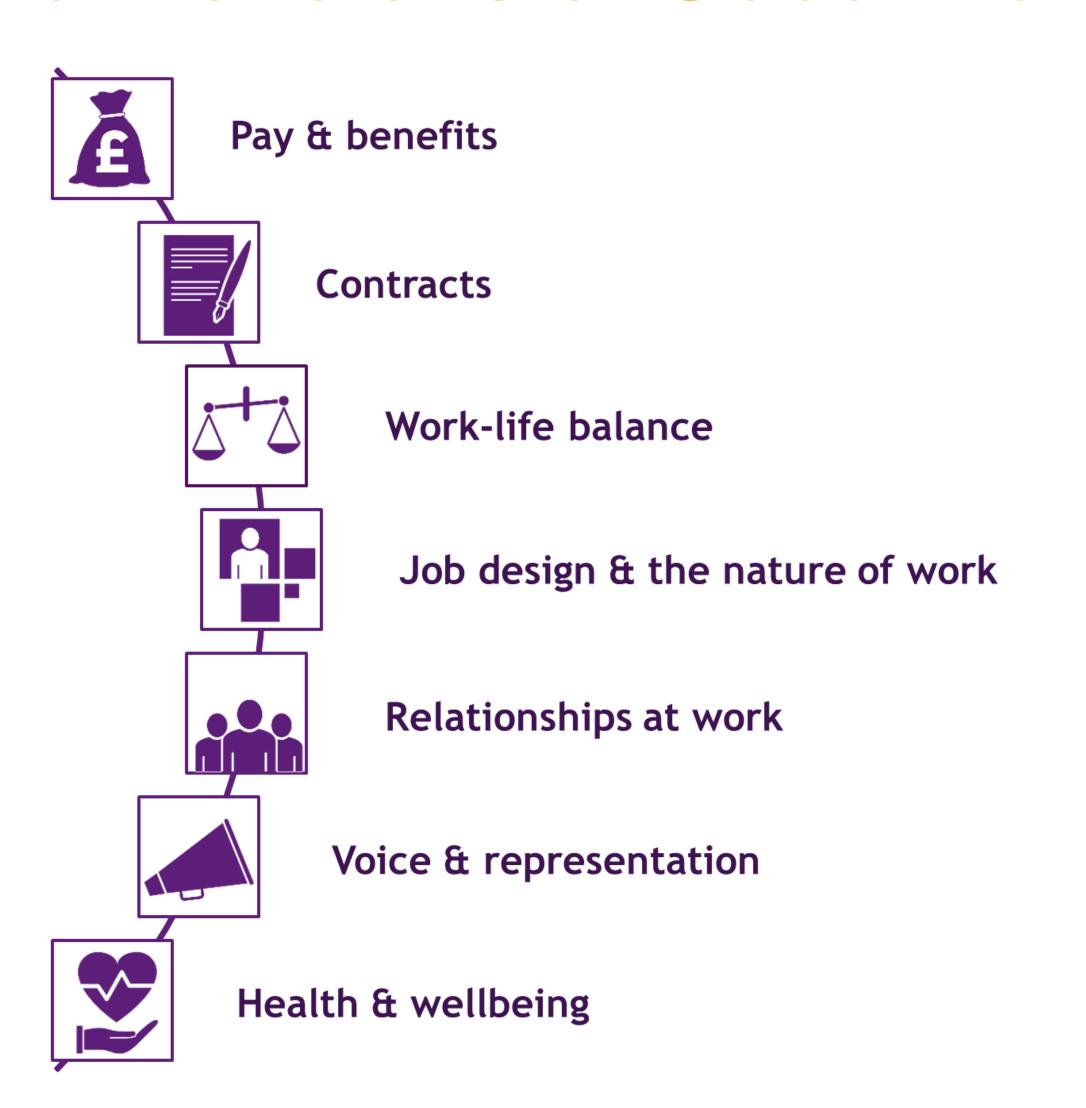


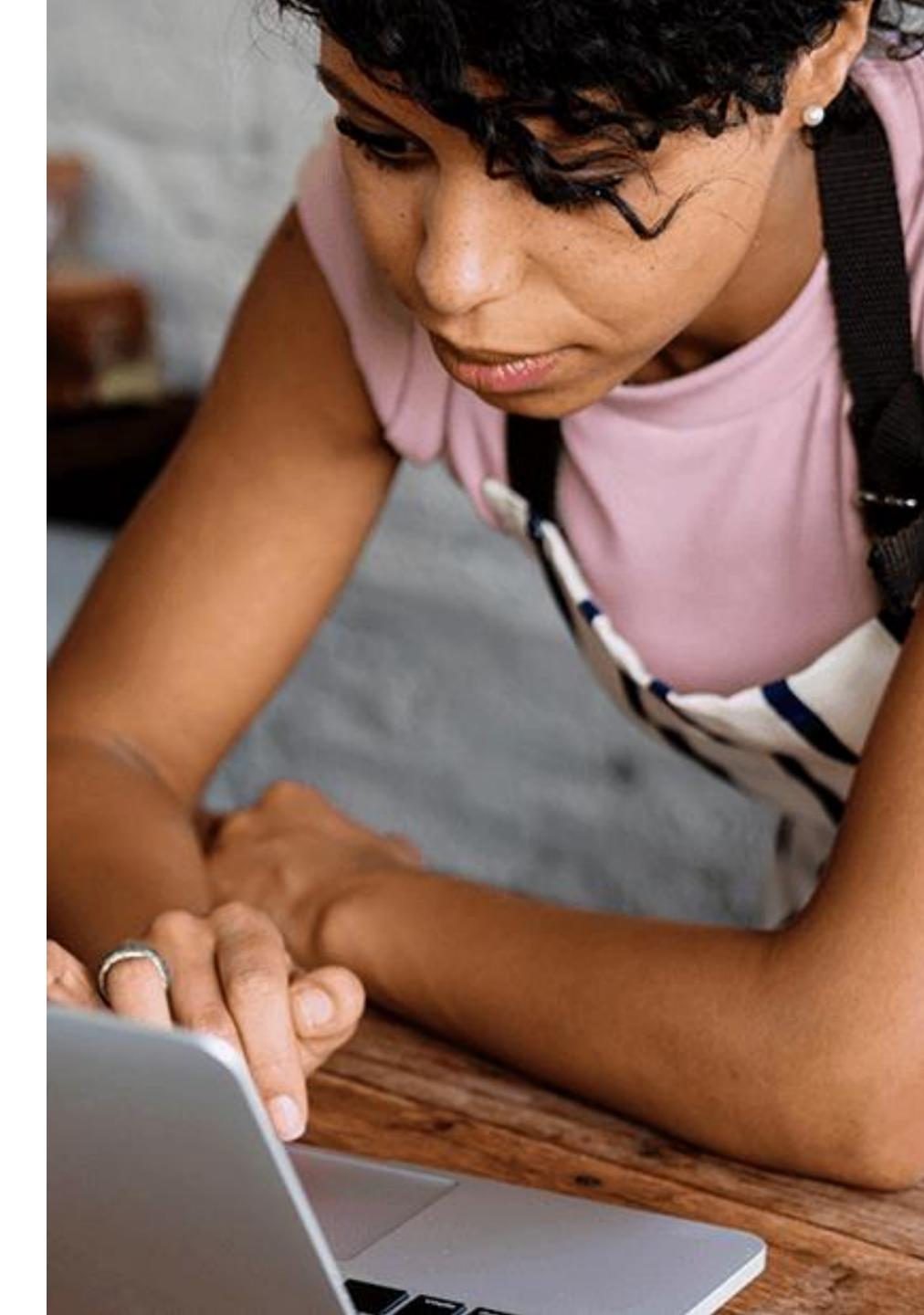




https://www.cipd.org/uk/knowledge/reports/goodwork/

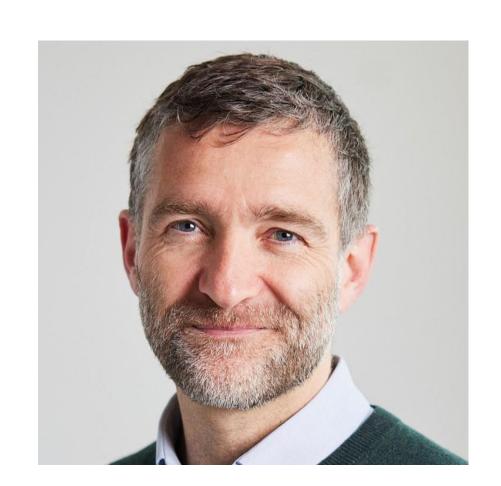
7 dimensions of Good Work





Report: <u>Understanding and measuring job quality | CIPD</u>





Jonny Gifford



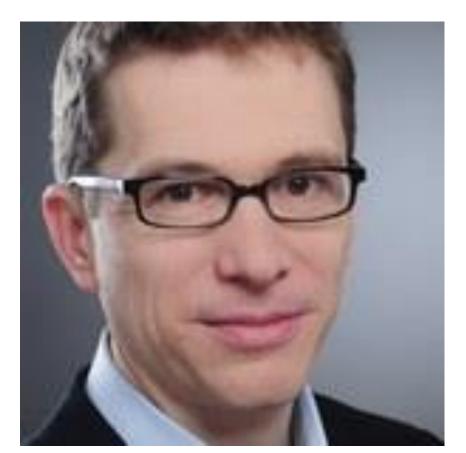
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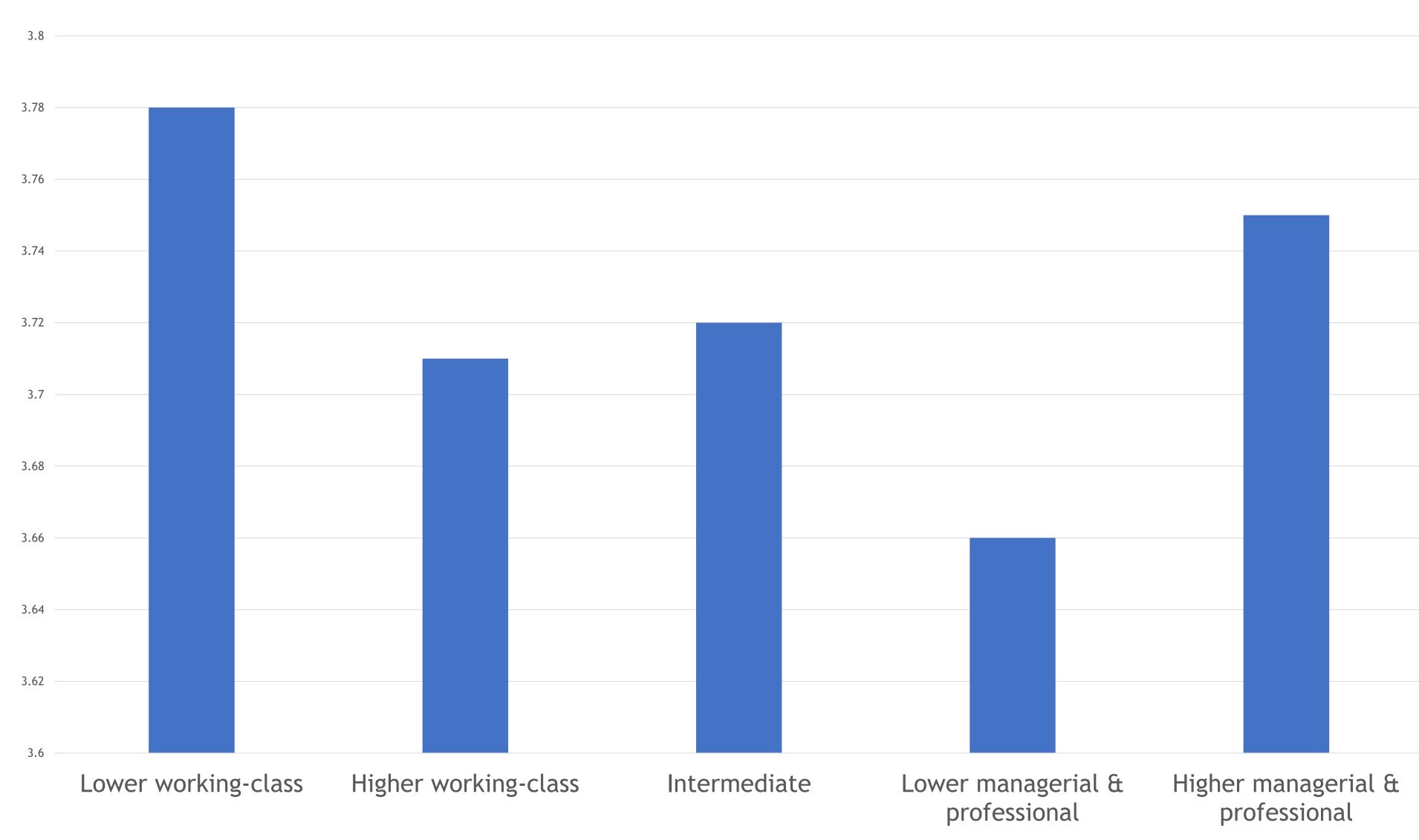






Job security in higher managerial & professional jobs

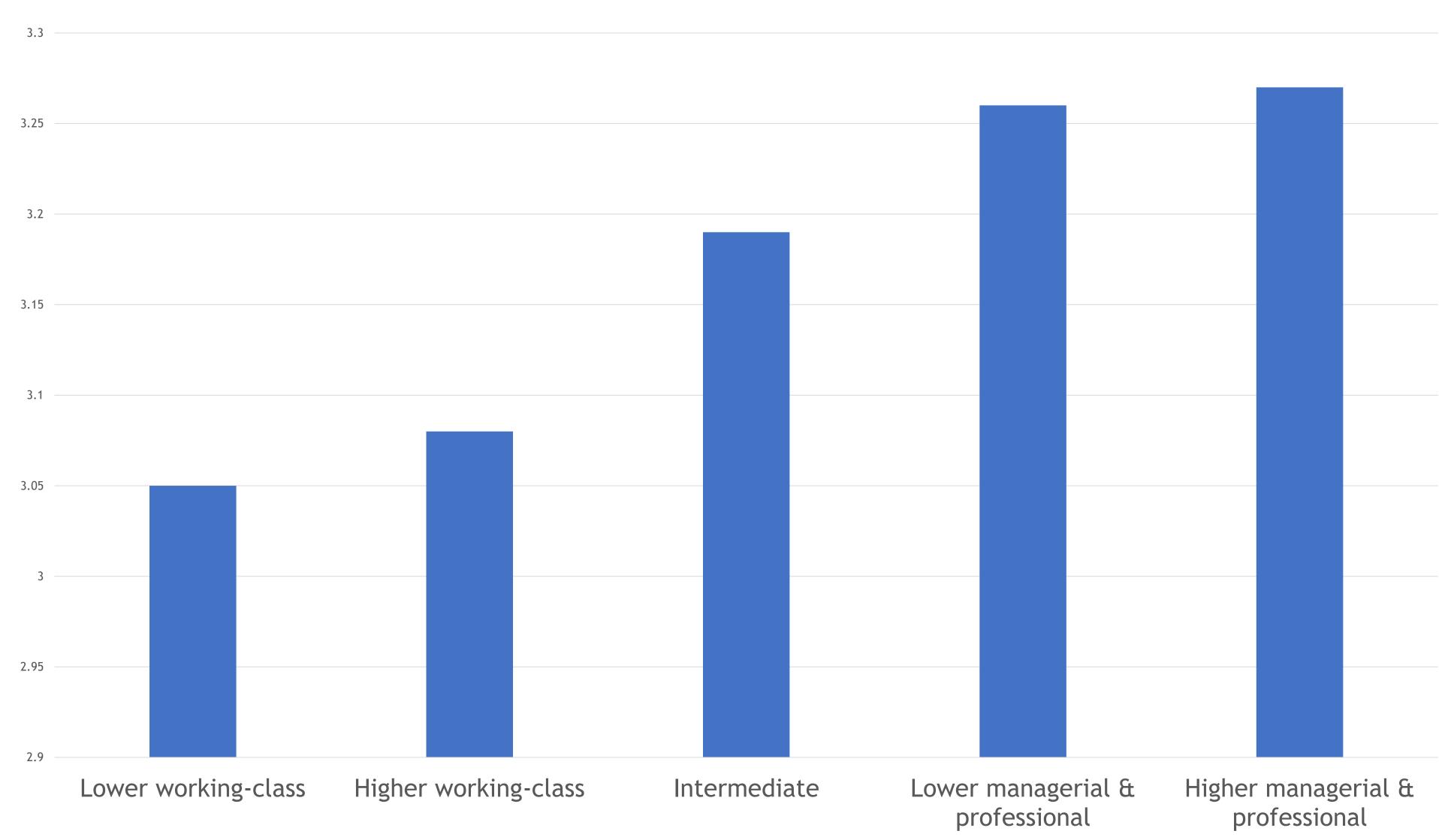




Data: YouGov/CIPD UK Working Lives survey 2021-2023

Promotion prospects in higher managerial & professional jobs

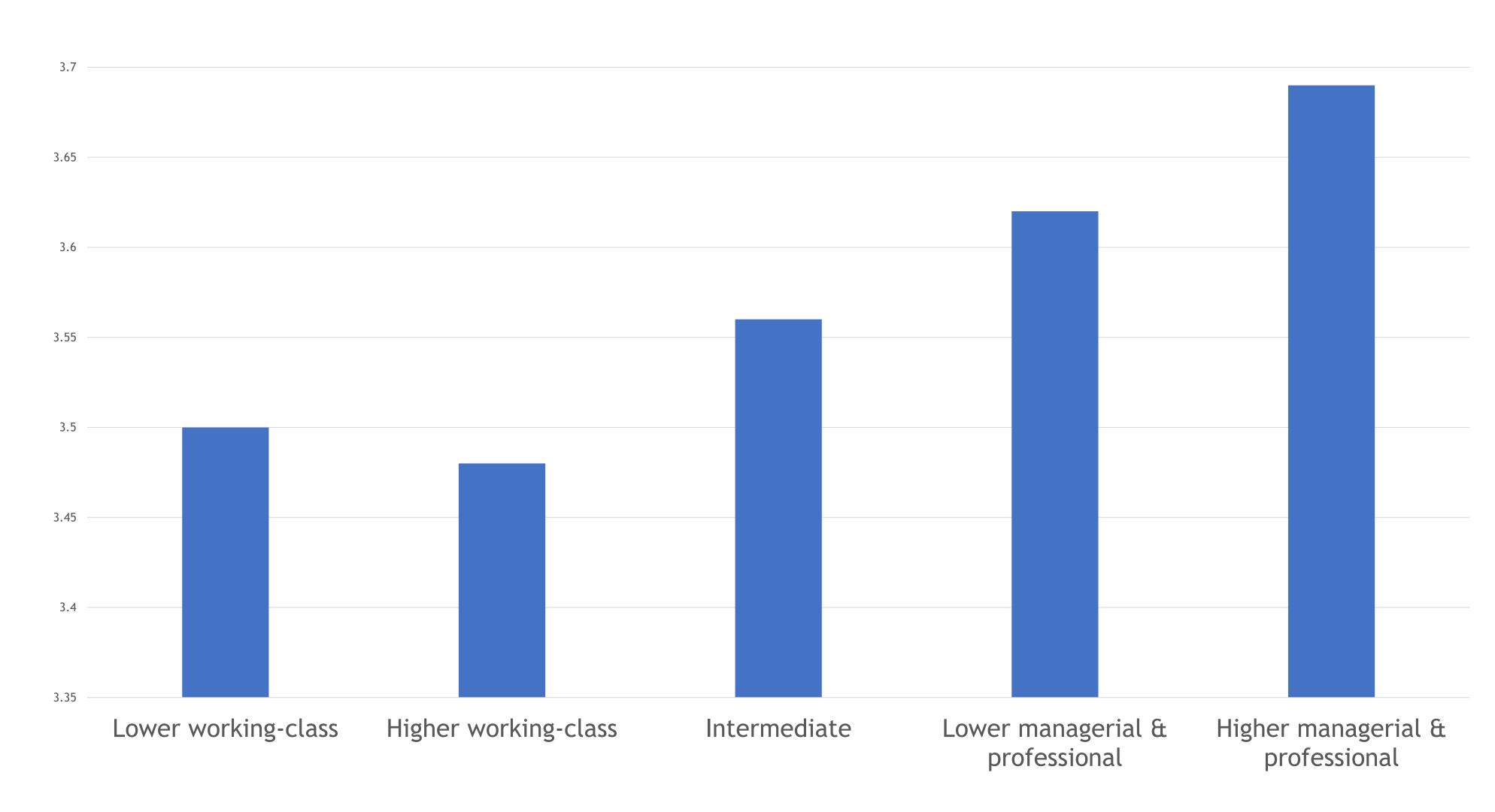




Data: YouGov/CIPD UK Working Lives survey 2021-2023

Development opportunities in higher managerial & professional, jobs

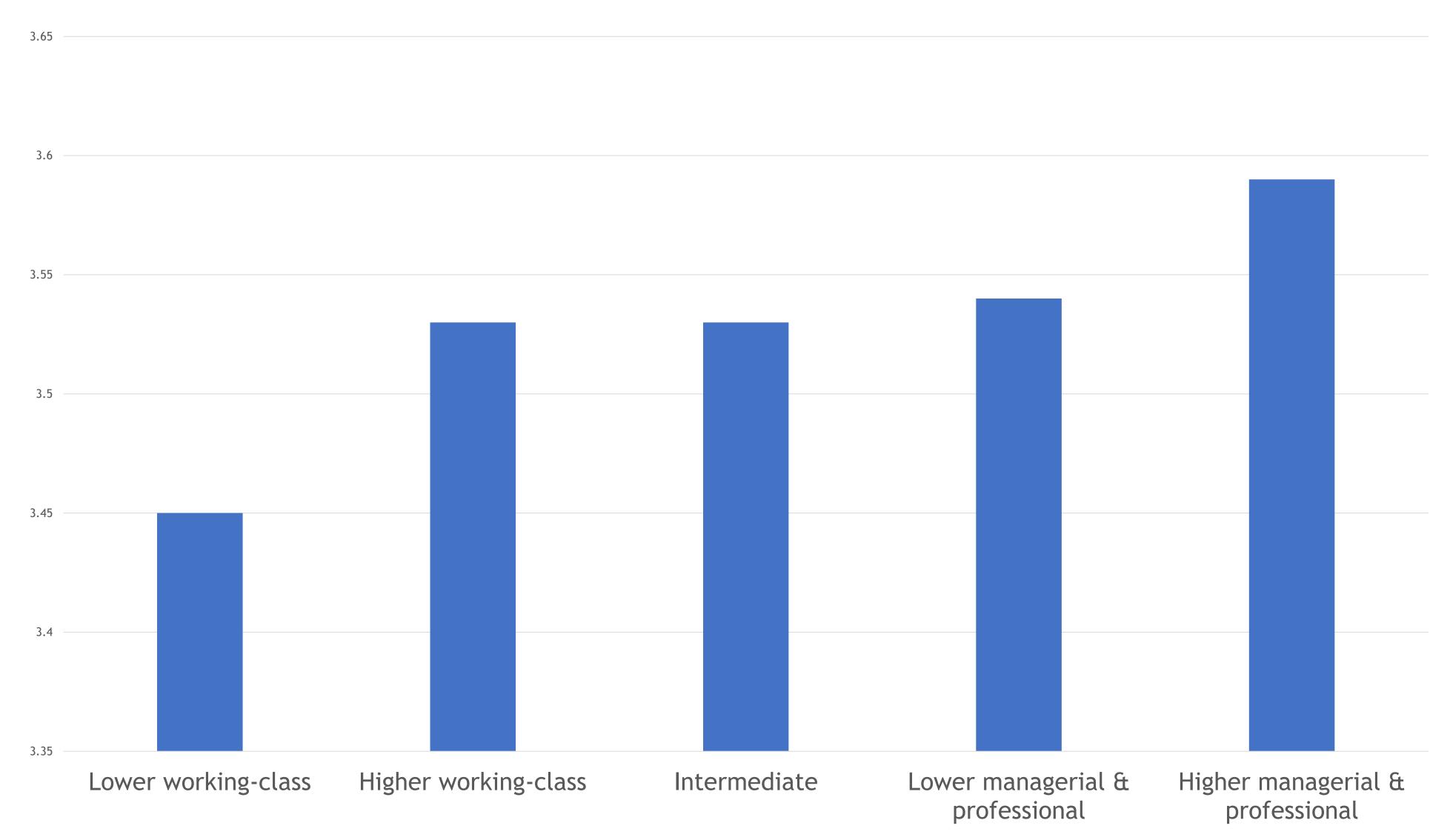




Data: YouGov/CIPD UK Working Lives survey 2021-2023

Job complexity in higher managerial & professional jobs

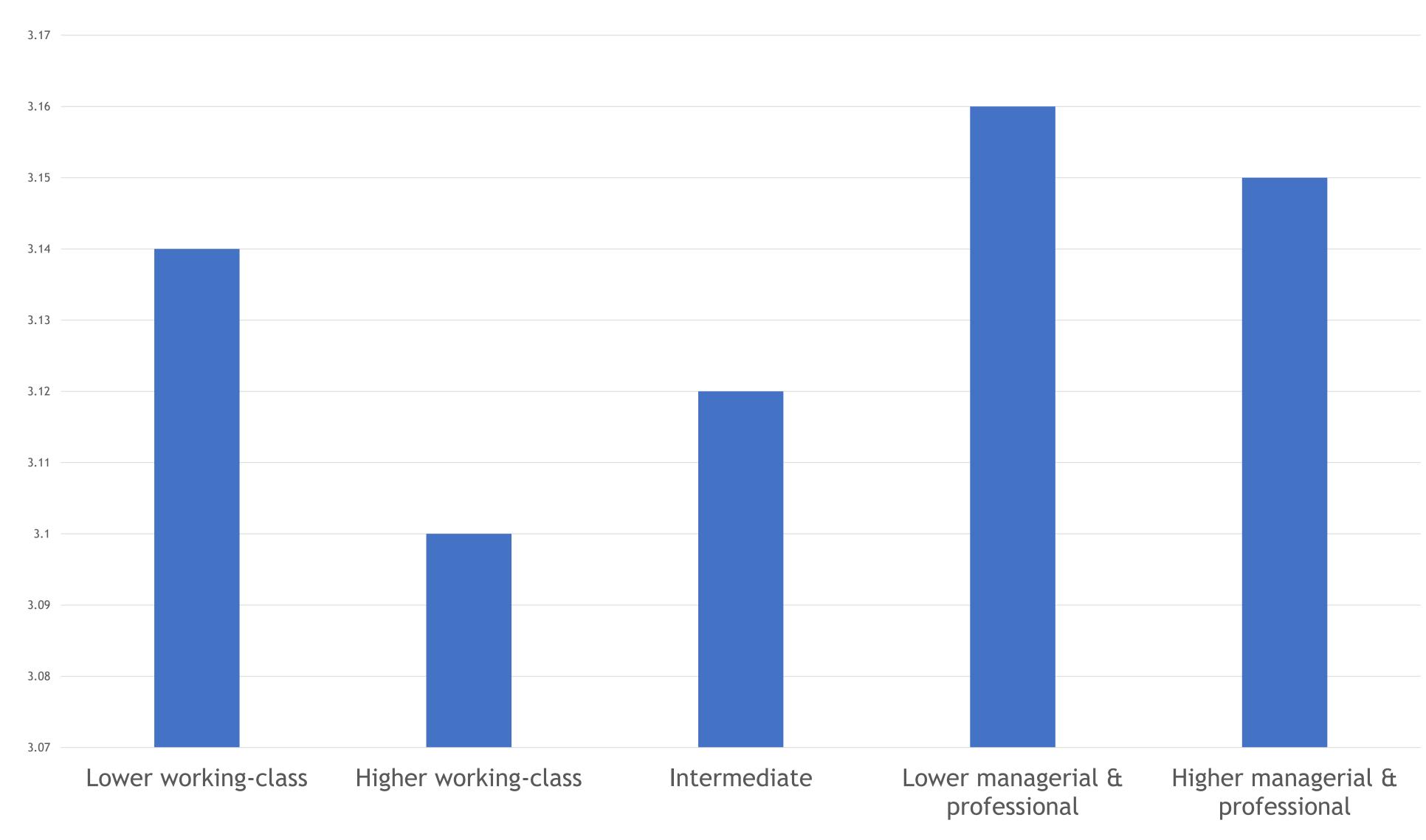




Data: YouGov/CIPD UK Working Lives survey 2021-2023

Autonomy in higher managerial & professional jobs

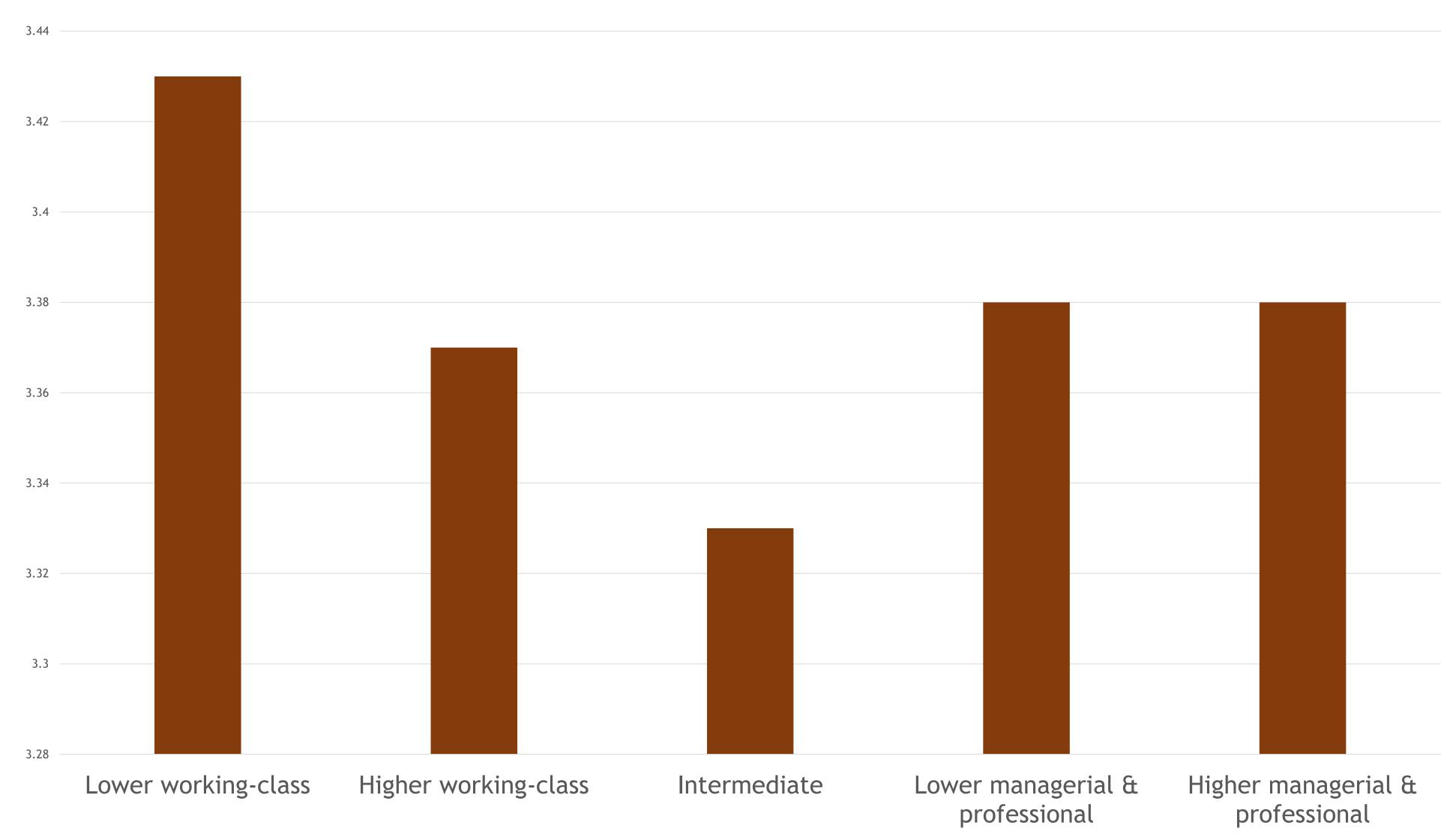




Data: YouGov/CIPD UK Working Lives survey 2021-2023

Job demands in higher managerial & professional occupations

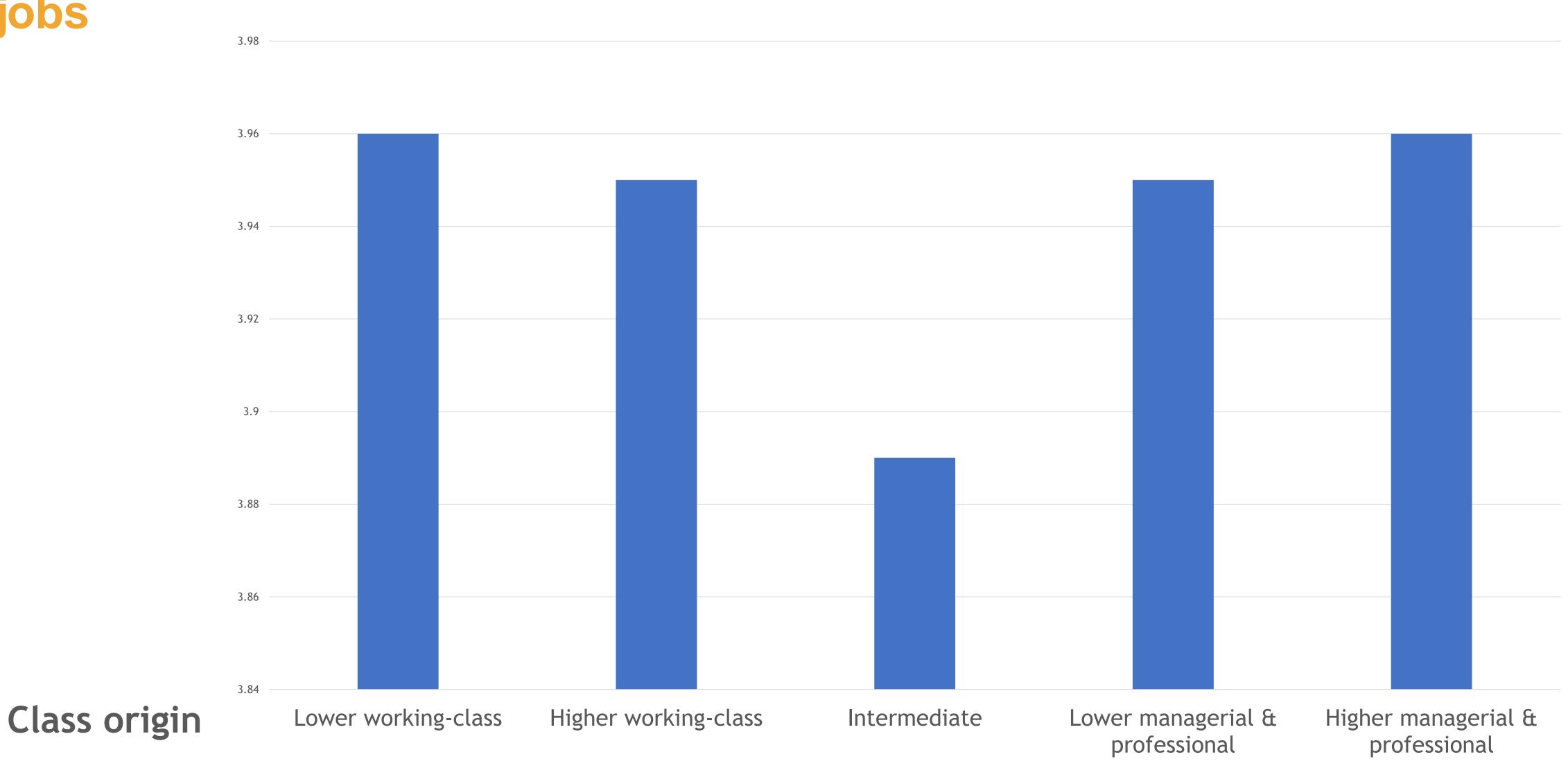




Data: YouGov/CIPD UK Working Lives survey 2021-2023

Working time autonomy in higher managerial & professional jobs

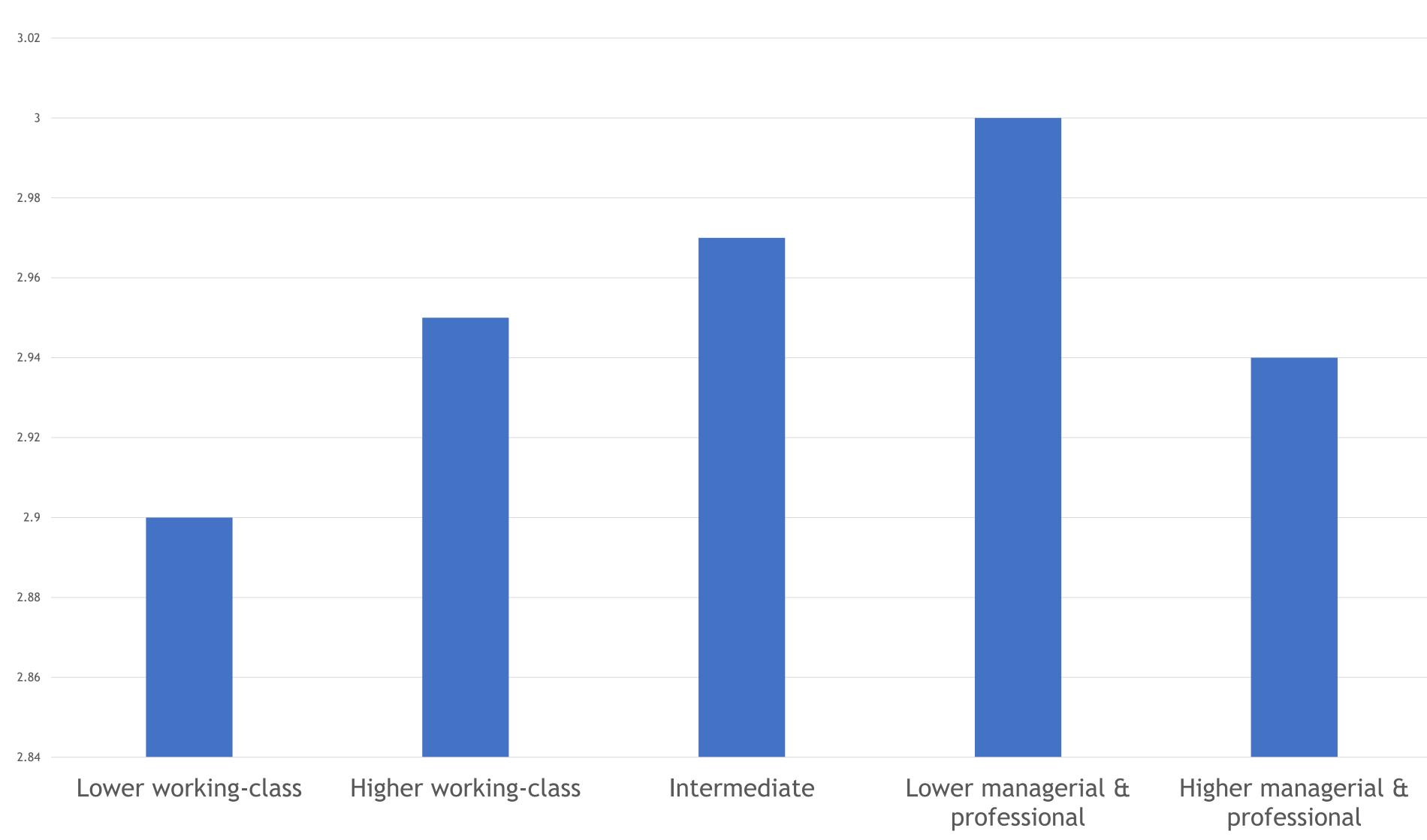




Informal flexibility in higher managerial & professional jobs

Class origin

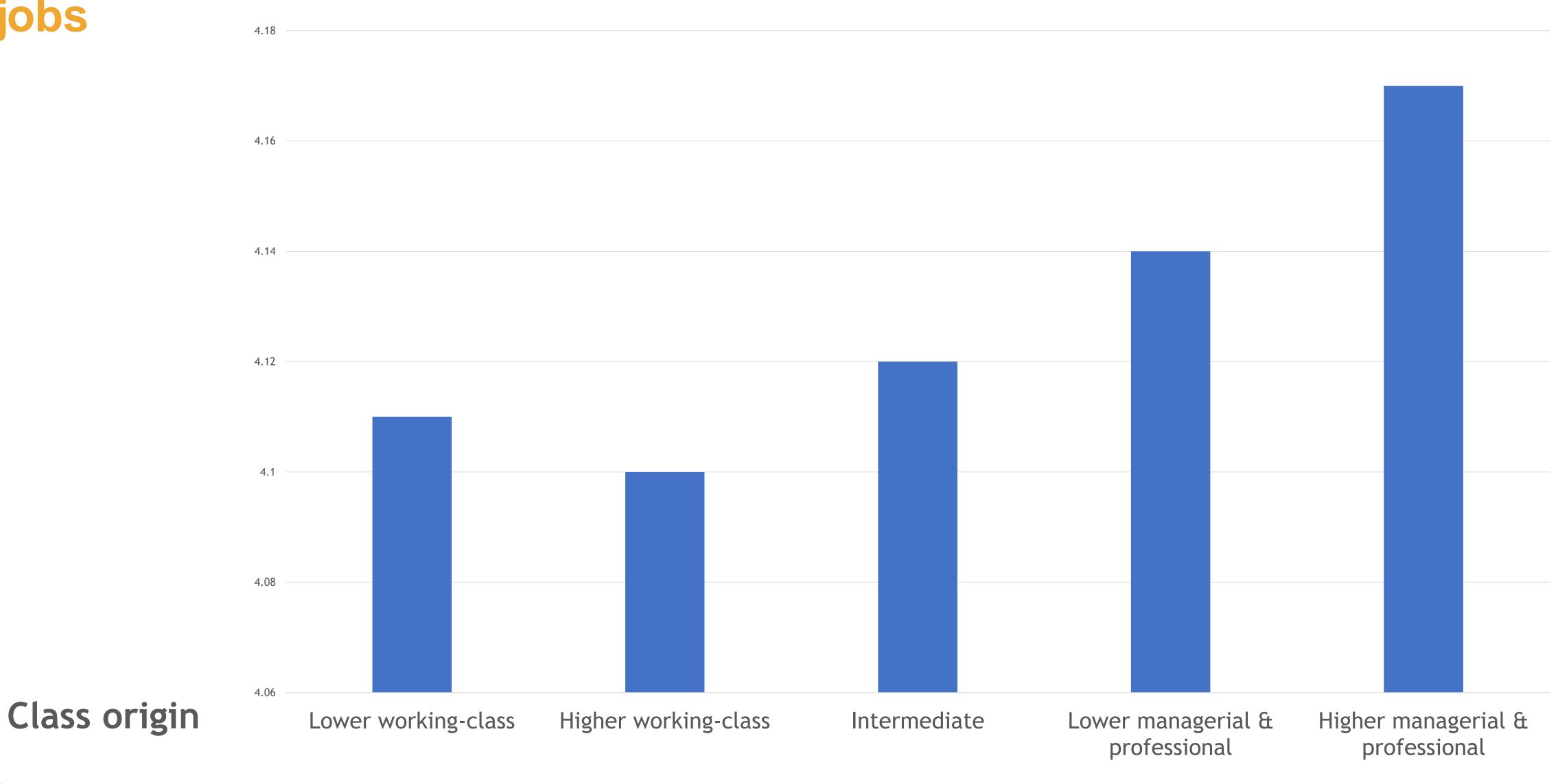




Data: YouGov/CIPD UK Working Lives survey 2021-2023; ease of taking time off for personal reasons

Relations with managers in higher managerial & professional jobs

institute for employment studies

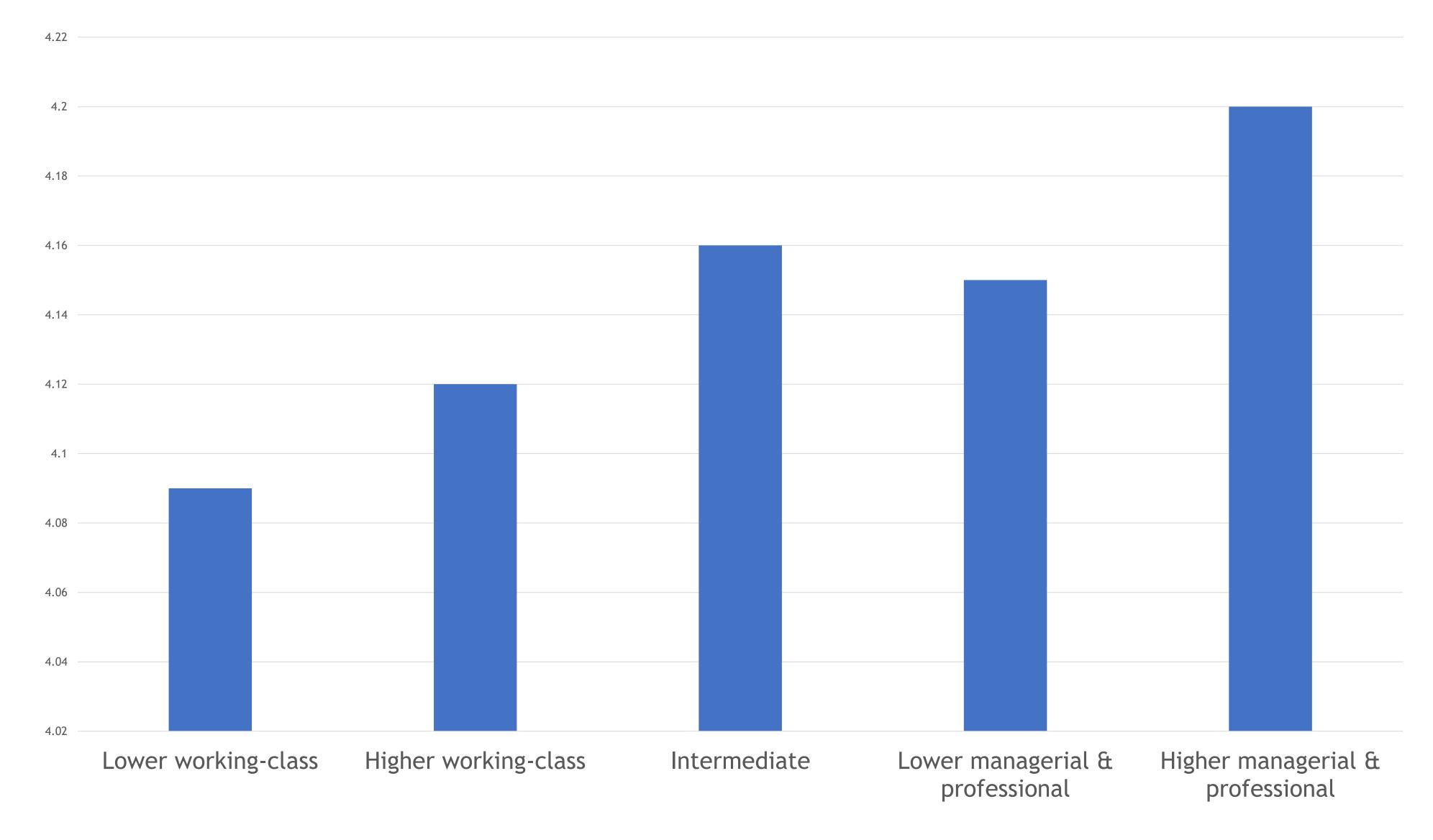


Relations with colleagues in higher managerial & professional

institute for employment studies

jobs

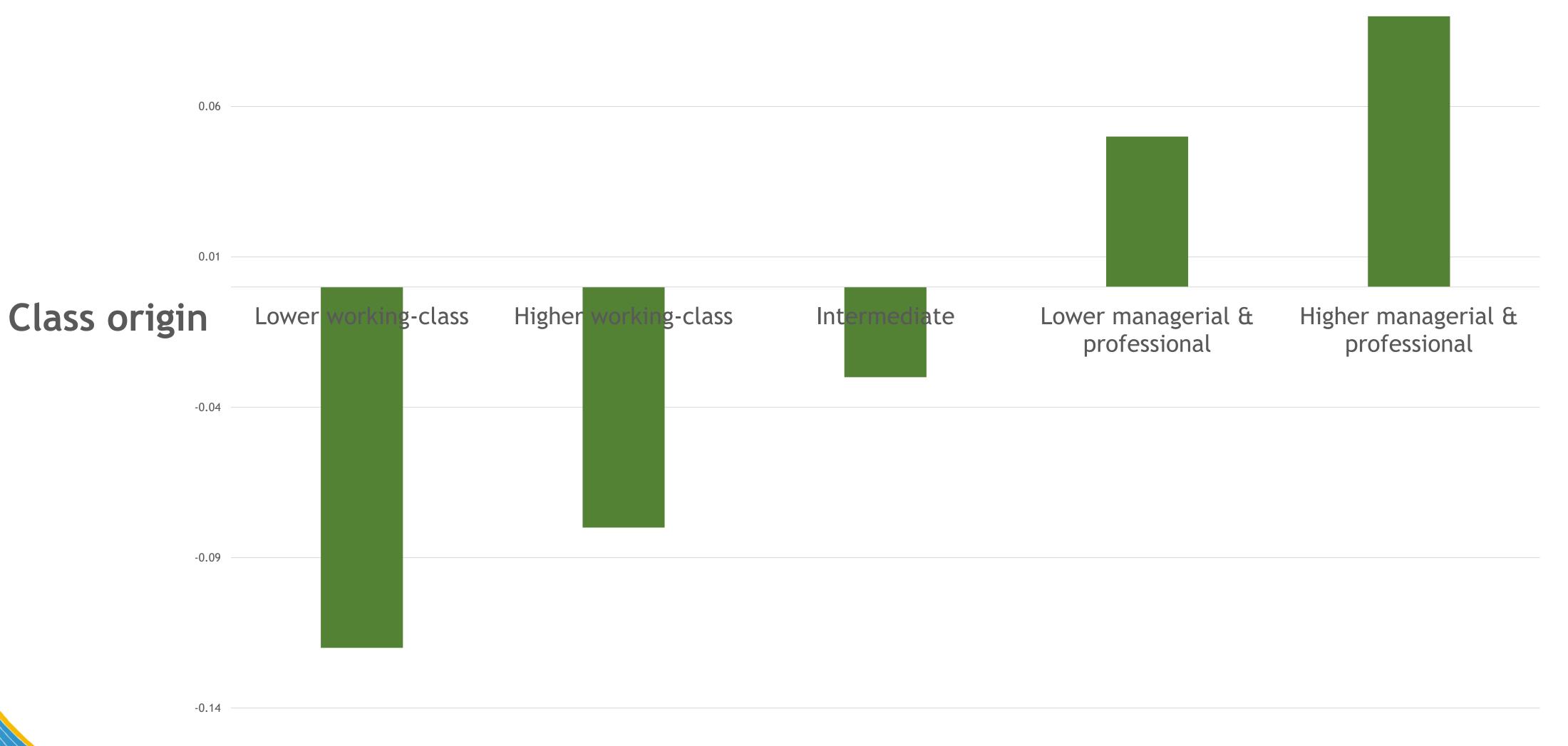
Class origin



'Good work' in higher managerial & professional jobs



Job quality index





What next for education, employment & management practice?





Social Mobility Commission









Employer toolkits



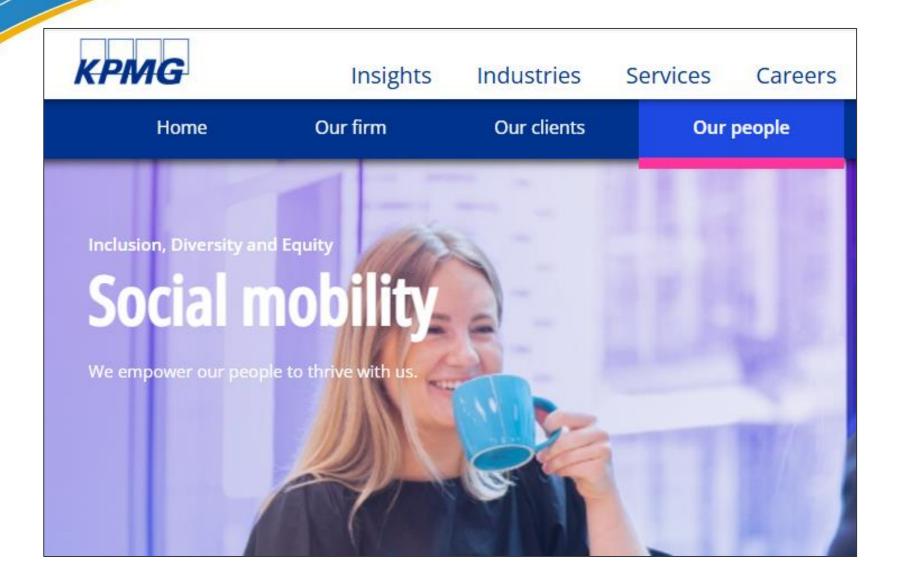
Apprenticeships toolkit

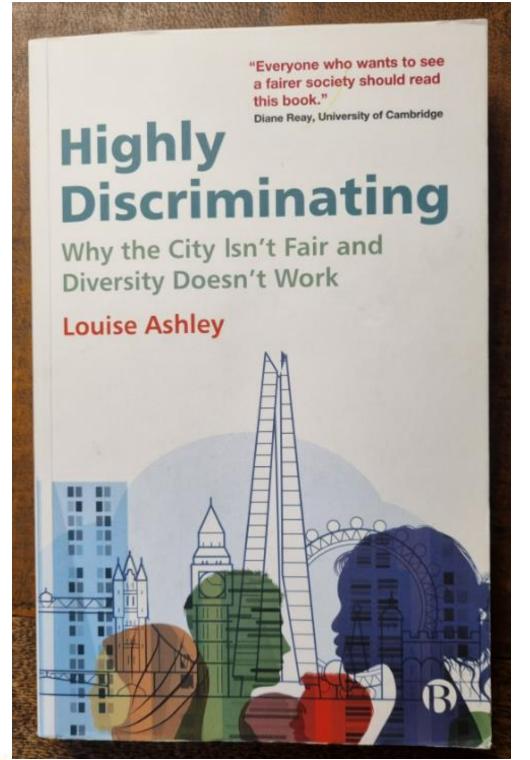


Creative industries toolkit

Retail toolkit

https://socialmobility.independent-commission.uk/









Louise Ashley, Queen Mary University of London https://bristoluniversitypress.co.uk/highly-discriminating

In sum



Social class is important: influential, consequential

- 1) It shapes our life chances >> the jobs we get.
- 2) Even for those who do reach elite occupations, it influences:
 - How much we're paid
 - Other aspects of 'good work': development opportunities, job tasks, autonomy, relationships ...

It shouldn't have to be this way.

3) We have examples of leading HR practice ... but need more research on what works & why.



employment

studies

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